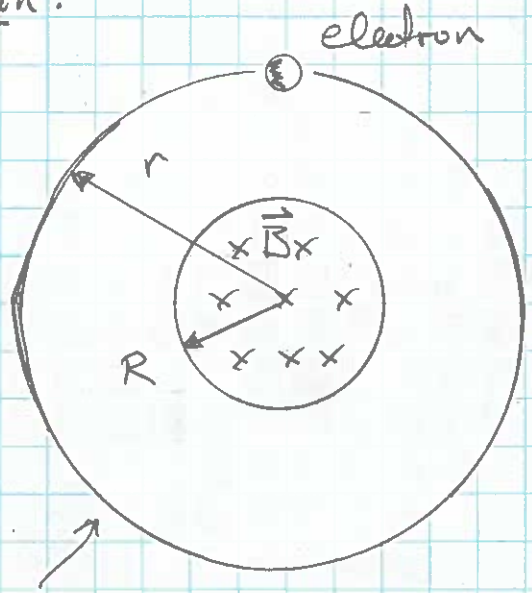


Cross Section:

$= \mu_0 \frac{N}{L} I$



Apply Faraday's Law in field form to the circle of radius r :

$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{s} = - \frac{d}{dt} \int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{A}$$

by symmetry:

$$E 2\pi r = - \frac{d}{dt} (\pi R^2 B) = - \pi R^2 \frac{dB}{dt}$$

for just magnitude:

$$E = \frac{R^2}{2r} \frac{dB}{dt} = \frac{R^2}{2r} \mu_0 \frac{N}{L} \frac{dI}{dt}$$

$$E = 6.283 \times 10^{-5} \text{ V/m}$$

So: $a = \frac{F}{m} = \frac{eE}{m} = \underline{1.103 \times 10^7 \text{ m/s}^2}$