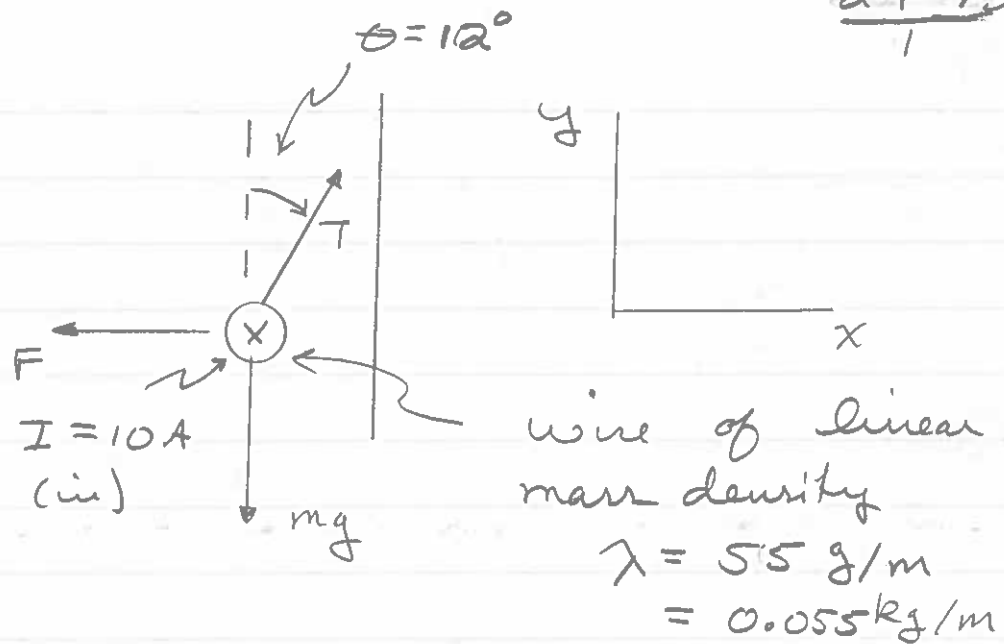


a.)
FBD:



Now: $\Sigma F_y = T \cos \theta - mg = 0$ (1)

$\Sigma F_x = T \sin \theta - F = 0$ (2)

So, divide (2)/(1):

$$\tan \theta = \frac{F}{mg}$$

Now:

$$m = \lambda L$$

and

$$\vec{F} = \vec{F}_{\text{mag}} = I \vec{L} \times \vec{B}$$

For \vec{F} to the left, \vec{B} is down.

$$= I L \vec{B}, \text{ left}$$

∴

$$\tan \theta = \frac{I L B}{\lambda L g} \Rightarrow \boxed{B = \frac{\lambda g \tan \theta}{I}}$$

b.)

$$\vec{B} = \underline{0.00955 T, \text{ down}}$$

i.e. in $-y$ direction
by RHR.