



$$I = 5 \text{ A}$$

$$r_1 = 1.0 \text{ cm}$$

$$r_2 = 2.0 \text{ cm}$$

On prob. WB29-7 we showed that the field at the center of a circular arc of angle  $\theta$  is:

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I \theta}{4\pi R} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4R} \text{ for semi-circle}$$

Here, the straight segments don't create a field at P

and the smaller arc creates  $\vec{B}$  into page and the larger out - take out a positive

$$\text{at P: } \vec{B} = \vec{B}_1 + \vec{B}_2 = \left( -\frac{\mu_0 I}{4r_1} + \frac{\mu_0 I}{4r_2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\mu_0 I}{4} \left( \frac{1}{r_2} - \frac{1}{r_1} \right)$$

$$= -7.85 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T} \quad \text{so field is in}$$