



$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = 1.38 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Tm} = \mu_0 I_{\text{through}}$$

The line integral is positive for the direction shown; I_2 (out) contributes negatively to the line integral.

So, current out is negative.

So

$$\begin{aligned} 1.38 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Tm} &= \mu_0 (I_2 + I_3) \\ &= \mu_0 (-12\text{ A} + I_3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_3 &= \frac{1.38 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Tm} + 12\text{ A}}{\mu_0} \\ &= \underline{22.98 \text{ A}} \text{ in.} \end{aligned}$$