



For  $q_1$   $r^2 = x^2 + y^2$   $\hat{r} = -\cos\theta \hat{i} + \sin\theta \hat{j}$   
 $\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = 63.43^\circ$

$$\vec{E}_1 = \frac{k|q_1|}{(x^2 + y^2)} (-\cos\theta \hat{i} + \sin\theta \hat{j})$$

$$= -1.005 \times 10^4 \hat{i} + 2.01 \times 10^4 \hat{j} \text{ N/C}$$

For  $q_2$   $r = y$

$$\vec{E}_2 = -\frac{k|q_2|}{y^2} \hat{j} = -5.619 \times 10^4 \hat{j} \text{ N/C}$$

For  $q_3$   $r = x$

$$\vec{E}_3 = \frac{k|q_3|}{x^2} \hat{i} = 1.124 \times 10^5 \hat{i} \text{ N/C}$$

So  $\vec{E} = \vec{E}_1 + \vec{E}_2 + \vec{E}_3 = 1.024 \times 10^5 \hat{i} - 3.609 \times 10^4 \hat{j} \text{ N/C}$

$$|\vec{E}| = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2} = 1.086 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{|E_y|}{|E_x|}\right) = 19.41^\circ \text{ cw from } +x \text{ axis.}$$