



Axial field for disk:

$$E_z = \frac{\eta}{2\epsilon_0} \left\{ 1 - \frac{z}{\sqrt{z^2 + R^2}} \right\} \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} z=0 \text{ at} \\ \text{center of the} \\ \text{disk} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\eta_1 = \frac{Q_1}{\pi R_1^2} = -6.366 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C/m}^2$$

$$\eta_2 = \frac{Q_2}{\pi R_2^2} = +6.366 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C/m}^2$$

a.)

Disk 1:  
( $z_1 = +10 \text{ cm}$ )

$$E_{z_1} = \frac{\eta_1}{2\epsilon_0} \left\{ 1 - \frac{z_1}{\sqrt{z_1^2 + R_1^2}} \right\}$$

$$E_{z_1} = -3.797 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$$

Disk 2:  
( $z_2 = -10 \text{ cm}$ )

$$E_{z_2} = \frac{\eta_2}{2\epsilon_0} \left\{ 1 - \frac{z_2}{\sqrt{z_2^2 + R_2^2}} \right\}$$

$$E_{z_2} = -3.797 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$$

So:  $\vec{E}_z = \vec{E}_{z_1} + \vec{E}_{z_2} = \underline{-7.594 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}}$   
( $< 0 \Rightarrow \vec{E}$  points left)

b.) Put  $q = -1.0 \text{ nC}$  at  $z = 10 \text{ cm}$

$$\vec{F} = q\vec{E}$$

$$F_z = qE_z = \underline{7.594 \times 10^{-5} \text{ N}} \quad (\text{to the right})$$