

a.) First find speed of  $m_1$  just before collision

Conserve energy  $i \rightarrow f$ :

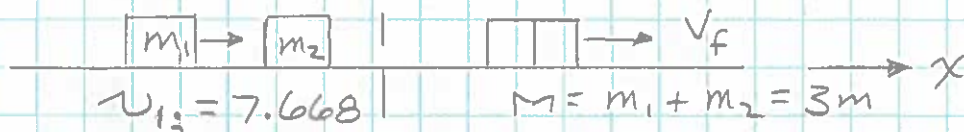
$$\Delta K + \Delta U_g = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m_1 (v_f^2 - v_i^2) + m_1 g (y_f - y_i) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} v_f^2 - gh = 0$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{2gh} = 7.668 \text{ m/s}$$

Now conserve x-comp of momentum:  
initial | final



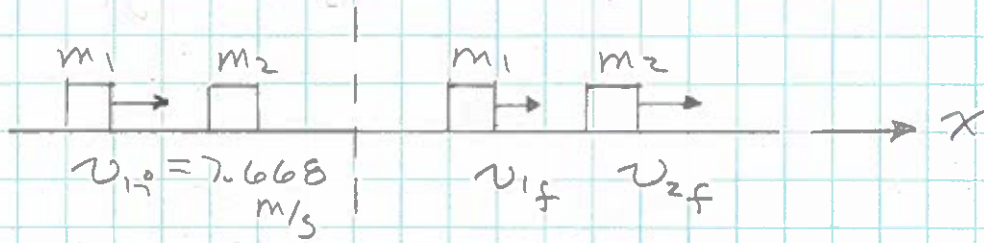
$$v_{2i} = 0$$

$$m_1 v_{1i} = M v_f$$

$$m v_{1i} = 3m v_f$$

$$\therefore v_f = \frac{1}{3} v_{1i} = \underline{\underline{2.556 \text{ m/s}}}$$

b.) For a perfectly elastic collision with  $m_2$  initially at rest

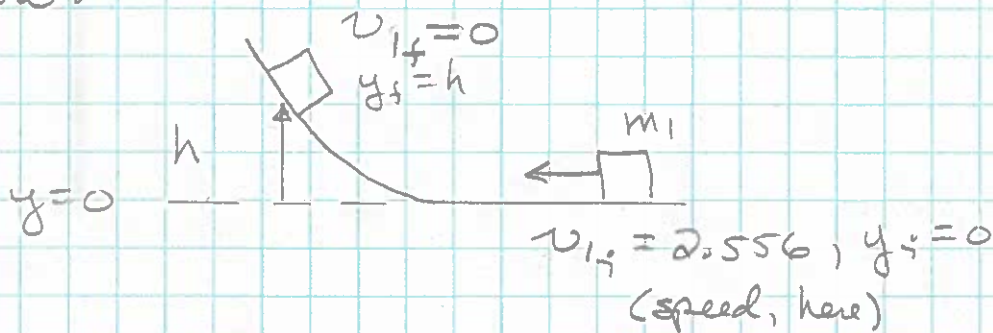


$$v_{1f} = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{m_1 + m_2} v_{1i} = \frac{m - 2m}{m + 2m} v_{1i}$$

$$= -\frac{m}{3m} v_{1i}$$

$$v_{1f} = -2.556 \text{ m/s}$$

Now:



Conserve energy  $i \rightarrow f$ :

$$\Delta K + \Delta U_g = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m_1 (v_{1f}^2 - v_{1i}^2) + m_1 g (y_f - y_i) = 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} v_{1i}^2 + gh = 0$$

$$\therefore h = \frac{v_{1i}^2}{2g} = \underline{\underline{0.333 \text{ m}}}$$